

Roll No _____

ENDTERM EXAMINATION
ODD Semester 2024-25



Course Code: BP103T Course Name: Pharmaceutics

K.R. MANGALAM UNIVERSITY
THE COMPLETE WORLD OF EDUCATION

Programme Name: B. Pharma

Sem: I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

NOTE: Attempt all questions from section-A, any seven out of nine questions in section B and any two out of three questions in section C.

Section-A (20 X 1 = 20 Marks)

Section A (20 x 1 = 20 Marks)			
1	Capsules in which powders are enclosed are made up of ____ a) Gelatine b) Rice flour c) Fructose d) Dextrose	CO1	L1
2	The first edition of IP was published in ____ a) 1965 b) 1975 c) 1955 d) 1985	CO1	L1
3	What is USP? a) The United States Pharmacology b) The United States Pharmacy c) The United States Pharmacopoeia d) The United States Pharmaceuticals	CO1	L1
4	Simple syrup is a saturated solution of ____ a) Sucrose b) Fructose c) Dextrose d) None of these	CO1	L1
5	Who is the father of medicine? a) Ebers b) Hippocrates c) Egyptian d) Pontus	CO1	L1
6	What will increase the bulk of product ____ a) Processing aid b) Diluent c) Granulating Agent d) organoleptic additive	CO1	L1
7	The component present in solution in large quantity is known as ____ a) Solvent b) Solution c) Solute d) Liquid	CO1	L1
8	Which of the following is used as jelling agent in formulation of jellies a) Starch b) Pectin c) Gelatin d) All	CO1	L1
9	____ drops are used in otic cavity. a) Eye b) Ear c) Nasal d) None of these	CO1	L1
10	Saccharin is an example of ____ a) Natural sweetening agent b) Flavouring agent c) Artificial sweetening agent d) Humectant	CO1	L1
11	Which of the following is not a vehicle a) Glycerol b) Water c) Butylated hydroxyl toluene d) Rose water	CO1	L1
12	BCS stands for a) Biopharmaceutical classification system b) Biological classification system b) Binominal classification system d) Basic classification system	CO1	L1
13	Interaction between two or more substances that may lead to a change in colour, odour, taste, viscosity and morphology is termed as _____. a) Biological incompatibility b) Physical incompatibility c) Therapeutic incompatibility d) Chemical incompatibility	CO1	L1

